1 Different theories of crime, deviance, social order and social control

o Different definitions of crime, deviance, social order and social controlo The distinction between sociological theories of crime and other theories (eg biological,

psychological); crime and deviance as socially constructedo Functionalist theories of crime: Durkheim, anomie, collective conscience; Merton’s strain theory; manifest and latent functions; functionalist subcultural theorieso Marxist and neo-Marxist theories of crime: classical Marxism, laws reflecting class interests; Neo-Marxism, hegemony, the CCCS studies, critical and new criminology

o Interactionist theories of crime: labelling theory, the self-fulfilling prophecyo Feminist theories of crime: patriarchy, male control of women’s liveso Control theory and other contemporary approaches to crime: social bonds, communitarianism, situational prevention; postmodern theories; Foucault on

individualisation and surveillanceo Realist theories: New Left Realism and Right Realismo The relevance of the various theories to understanding different types of crime, and their implications for social policy.